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MEETING THE COOPER INSTITUTE.
Tuesday Evening, May 7.
The evening session of the Society was held in the Cooper Institute, Mr. GARSON in the chair. A large audience was present, who paid the most earnest attention to the remarks of the speakers. Rev. Dr. CLEVELAND presided over the exercises, which were opened by prayer. The first speaker, At the conclusion of his speech, the President (Mr. GARSON) said—
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: If all the women of your State were despised, they would not possess a civil right, as our English, who are despised, do not possess one. They could be made the vilest prostrates. I take it if you would deem it the right—and not only the right, but the duty—of every woman who had a voice, to cry against the horrible enormity of such a state of society. There is a larger female population in this territory than in any other part of the Empire State of New York; and I have great pleasure in introducing to you a young woman who is moved, in sympathy and in sympathy with the oppressed, to do what she wishes to excite your interest in behalf of those who are thus down-trodden and brutalized.—Miss ANNA MASON, of Philadelphia.

Speech of Miss Anna E. Dickinson.

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ing, the better (applause). "I should not be subjected," said the Mayor of New Orleans to the commander of our fleet illustrating the feeling of the Southern States "to be treated as a conquered people, to be made a tributary force, or to my consent, or the choice of the inhabitants." That was the universal feeling of the South. "I should not be subjected," said the Mayor of New Orleans, "to be treated as a conquered people, to be made a tributary force, or to my consent, or the choice of the inhabitants." That was the universal feeling of the South. "I should not be subjected," said the Mayor of New Orleans, "to be treated as a conquered people, to be made a tributary force, or to my consent, or the choice of the inhabitants." That was the universal feeling of the South. "I should not be subjected," said the Mayor of New Orleans, "to be treated as a conquered people, to be made a tributary force, or to my consent, or the choice of the inhabitants." That was the universal feeling of the South.

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BUSINESS MEETINGS

Tuesday Afternoon.

The American Society of Friends met for the transaction of business at the Lecture-Room of the Church of the Puritans, Fifteenth st., at 3 o'clock, p.m., the President of the Society, Wm. LLOYD GARRISON, in a chair.

JOHN M. POWELL, of Columbia Co., N. Y., addressed the assembly with remarks, urging the necessity of adhering to all our old methods of meeting the public mind and conscience, and of continuing their use until slavery is at an end.

The President alluded to the recent resignation of Wm. Lloyd Garrison from the Society of Friends, the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society, by J. Miller McKim, in consequence of his deep regret at the thought of losing Mr. McKim from the important post which he held forwards of twenty years, and the duties of which he ever discharged with such faithfulness, wisdom, and success. He (the President) must confess he did not understand why Mr. McKim was now resigning, and he called upon Mr. McKim, whom he was to see with us, to explain more fully his position.

Mr. McKim, in reply, referred to the changed aspects of the world, and the new position maintained by the Rebellion of the Slave Power against the great Republic, and by the War for the Maintenance of the Union, these changes, he thought, made advisable and even useful a corresponding change in our operations.

He then stated that he had decided to resign, in order to change the particular direction of his labors, and hence the resigning of his office.

CHARLES MAY, Jr., referred to one or two of the res-

and whose labor is needed here.

S. S. TILLEY, Esq., of New York, President of the New York and Nicaragua Colonization Association, conferred with those who concurred the scheme of enforced colonization. He said there was a large region of valuable land in Nicaragua, etc., which now was open to men and women, both white and colored, on the basis of freedom and the absolute extinction of slavery; he invited attention to this project, which offered the best of the quality, very low nominal rates, to persons as he had described, those who were not heroes in the world, he said, for the culture of cotton in the sugar.

Mr. T. said that he himself had been in a personal friend and associate of Capt. John Brown, and had helped more than a hundred men to flee from that State.

The hour assigned having arrived, the question of the

port of THE STANDARD, and of the inflexible conduct of the Society, was taken up.

Dr. McKim of Philadelphia spoke generally of THE STANDARD's value, as a paper, and of its indispensable influence upon the Society and the Anti-Slavery cause.

S. S. FORTY said he had come to this meeting as the representative of the American Society, in this estimation, and that he had held for many years. He had thought much of late of the signs of dissolution in the Society, but he was glad that the Society's work was not anywhere near being done, nor likely to be done at present. He urged support of THE STANDARD as essential; but the maintenance of the Lecturing Agencies is, he said, independent of THE STANDARD's continuance.

JOHN M. MAY, JR., and E. D. DEALEY, spoke to the question of the propriety of the extensive pecuniary support of Anti-Slavery Society.

MARKER, PRESIDENT of N. H. spoke of the fact of the

ness of our mothers as, in truth, our highest honor, though this small, our number to-day being only that of the Apostolic company of old as related in the Book of Acts, "about one hundred and twenty," shall we be mighty in power, if the true spirit of love and freedom be in us. He expressed the hope we should never see slavery abolished "by the Power," as it would be "no benefit to the slave," "a curse to the cowards who should do it."

Dr. POWELL thought there was another practical match-should be considered—the continuance of touring Agents. The expression of the Society should given to increase every effort we could possibly employ.

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was elected by a unanimous vote, and the personal and confidential services of Mr. J. W. Foster, and the Business Committee presented the following resolution: That this Society renounces its oft-repeated testimony against every scheme or proposition for the extradition, colonization of the free colored or slave population of this country, or for their complicity or cooperation in any such scheme, and that it is not to be understood as endorsing any such scheme adopted unanimously.

The resolution offered by S. S. Foster, for want of time to discuss it, was laid on the table.

President Brewster's Report, as audited by Oliver Johnson, was accepted.

The Society then unanimously agreed to the following resolution, in memory of their deceased friend and colleague, FRANCIS JACOBSON.

Resolved, That the members of our honored and beloved colleague, FRANCIS JACOBSON, of Boston, a member of this Society for nearly thirty years, and a devoted friend of the cause of the colored people for nearly fifty years, has left a vacancy in our ranks not to be soon filled, and that we are sorely grieved to learn that he is so near the end of his journey, and that we are confident that he is now with us, and to know that, in his full and vigorous manhood, he was a man of great and lofty attainments, and that his memory was his most valued treasure, a mighty argument, and an assurance of certain triumph. His death is a great loss to the cause of the colored people, and it is dark and perilous times, his kindly sympathy and his noble example will be sorely missed, and we will endeavor to follow his example and motto to us who knew him; and, in the words of the poet, to be true to our kindred cause. The Society then adjourned, *sine die*.

WM. LLOYD GARRISON, *President.*
MUEL MAY, JR., } *Assist. Secretaries.*
ENA R. POWELL, }

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LEGGES	
ph and American Anti-Slavery Society, May 7, 1862.	
elmore (in July).	\$30 00
(in January, '63).	50 00
T. Ovington, Brooklyn.	50 00
Frothingham, New York.	25 00
on Tomlinson, Philadelphia.	25 00
ard Anna T. Draper, Hopedale, Mass.	5 00
and Quincy.	50 00
for Johnson.	25 00
el May, Jr.	25 00
inton (for Bucks County, Pa.).	25 00
for G. and Elizabeth B. Mack, New York City.	50 00
for J. Nowell.	5 00
for Rice Powell.	5 00
for M. Powell.	5 00

Speech of Wendell Phillips, Esq.

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